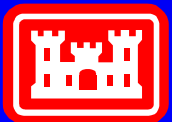


Navigation Economic Technologies NETS

***Wesley W. Wilson
University of Oregon
and
Institute for Water Resources***

***Prepared for Inland Nav Workshop
Louisville, KY
September 19, 2007***

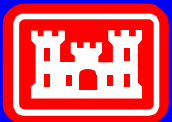


**US Army Corps
of Engineers**

Institute For Water Resources - IWR

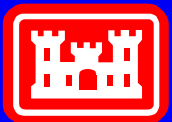
Waterway Investments

- Army Corps of Engineers manage and help to develop the nation's waterways and ports.
- Investments are considered to:
 - Rehab/Replace Locks and Dams
 - Widen and deepen channels
 - Provide moorings and turning basins



Investments

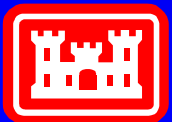
- Investment Expenditures:
 - Require authorization by Congress and the President
 - Proposed plans are reviewed by the stakeholders, the Corps and others.
 - Plans are typically based on some form of economic analysis of the benefits and costs.



Impetus for NETS

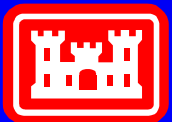
Upper Mississippi (National Research Council
and Others)

1. Forecasting
2. Demand Modeling
3. Non-structural options



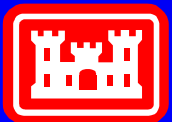
Agency & Public Comments

- Work on the economics
- Work on the forecasting
- Work on non-structural measures
- Transparency
- Systems modeling
- Glass Box
- Independent Review
- Dissemination and Implementation



NETS Goals

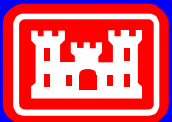
- The goal of NETS is to advance the Corps world-class engineering with state-of-the art tools and techniques for economic modeling and analysis.



NETS Philosophy

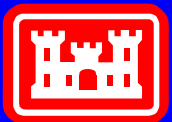
Transparency / Glass Box

IWR has adopted a “glass-box” software design philosophy. The goal is to have an independently peer reviewed computational kernel and through the use of a graphical user interface (GUI) allow stakeholders to “see” the data, simulation and results.



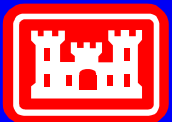
Teaming

- NETS research focused on teaming with academic it first 1 ½ years.
- Now NETS is highly coordinated with the Planning Centers of Expertise for Inland and Deep Draft Navigation.
 - Wes Walker – Huntington
 - Ken Claseman – Mobile
- We have researchers from 7 Universities, Contractors, and ACE personnel.



Activities

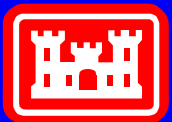
1. Theory
2. Estimation of shipper response
 - Elasticity of demand with respect to system attributes.
3. Traffic Modeling
 - Traffic forecasting models
 - Regional routing model
 - Microscopic models
4. Externalities
5. Economics of Deep Draft Vessels
6. Event studies, appointment systems and tradable permits
7. Peer Review
8. Communications



Theory

The primary objective of the research is to develop an equilibrium model (theoretical) that will capture the effects of geographically dispersed suppliers and demanders of different commodities that share or could share the nation's inland waterway system under alternative assumptions about the nature of competition in the industry.

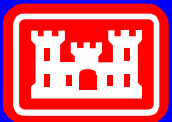
- Dr. Simon Anderson – University of Virginia
- Dr. Wesley Wilson – University of Oregon



Theory

Spatial Equilibrium Models to:

- Examine competitive equilibrium in transport markets with
 1. Spatially Dispersed Demand
 2. Railroads, Truck and Barge
 3. Locks and Congestion
- Railroad Pricing, Capacity and Alternative Markets
- Welfare Measurement and full spatial equilibrium versus Fixed Region Models and ORNIM
- Spatial Competition and Market Power: Cournot, Bertrand and Networks



Demand Modeling

Revealed Choice and Stated Preference Choice Models

The NETS team is using stated preference and revealed choice techniques to shape the “shipper response function”.

- Allows for non-zero responses to rate changes

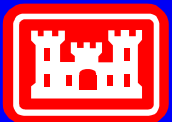
- Allows for the incorporation of non-price attributes

- Allows for alternative modes AND alternative markets

- Allows for the inclusion of spatial principles

- Allows for a range of responses unobserved in revealed data.

The idea is to attempt this on several waterways for several commodity groups.

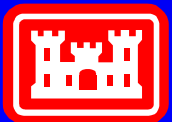


Estimating Shipper Response

Four surveys completed.

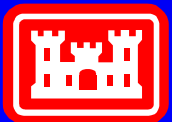
- Modeling Preferences for Upper Mississippi Grain Movements: The Mid-American Grain Study
- Transportation Demand in the Columbia-Snake River Basin
- Upper Mississippi Grain
- Upper Mississippi Non-Grain

Additional study in progress for the Ohio River System.



Mid-America Grain Study

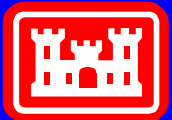
- Professor Kenneth Train of the University of California at Berkeley and Professor Wesley W. Wilson of the University of Oregon and the Institute for Water Resources form the study team.
- A survey of grain shippers was conducted to obtain information about the mode and origin/destination (O/D) of their shipments, the next-best alternative mode and O/D, as well as factors that might induce the shipper to switch to the next-best alternative.
- An econometric model was estimated on the combined revealed-preference data (the shippers' observed choices in the market) and stated-preference data (the choices that shippers said they would make if transportation costs or times rose for their current mode and O/D.)



Mid-America Grain Study

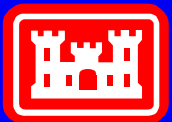
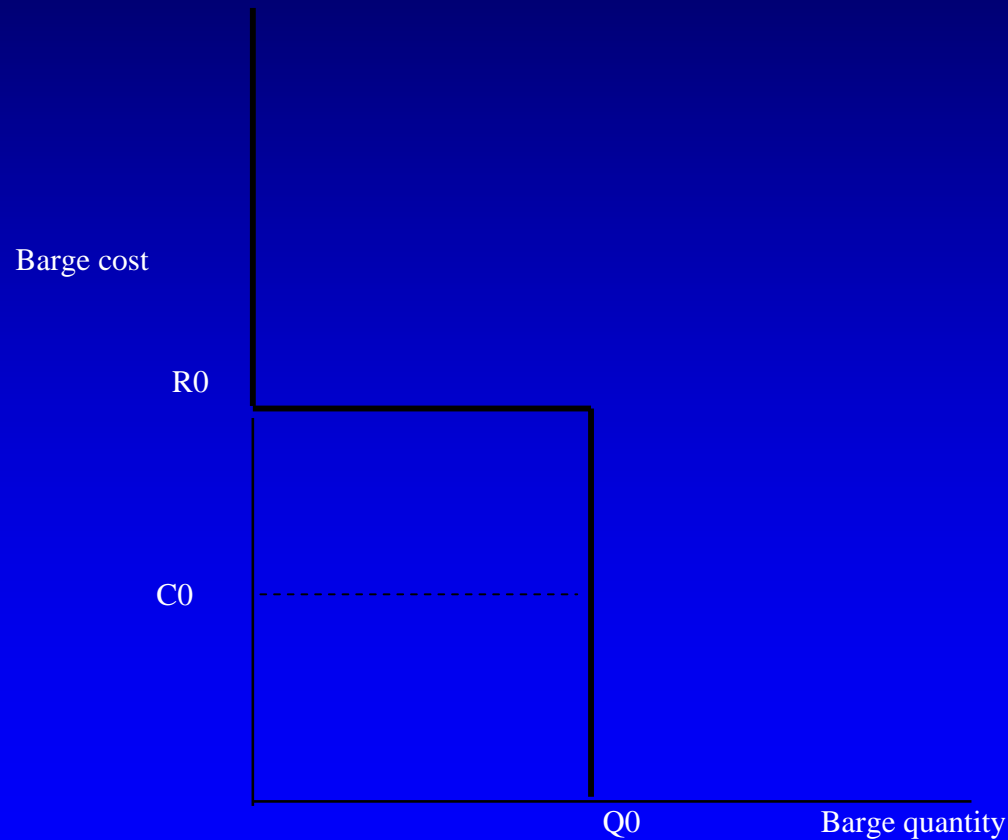
This study demonstrated several things.

- The most important being that it is possible (though difficult) to collect the necessary information to estimate shipper response.
- Also, the study confirms the shortcoming of traditional methods. Specifically that the reservation price (alternative rail price) understates the willingness to pay and that perfectly inelastic demand overstates willingness to pay. The net result of these two offsetting affects is unknown.



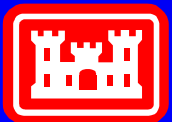
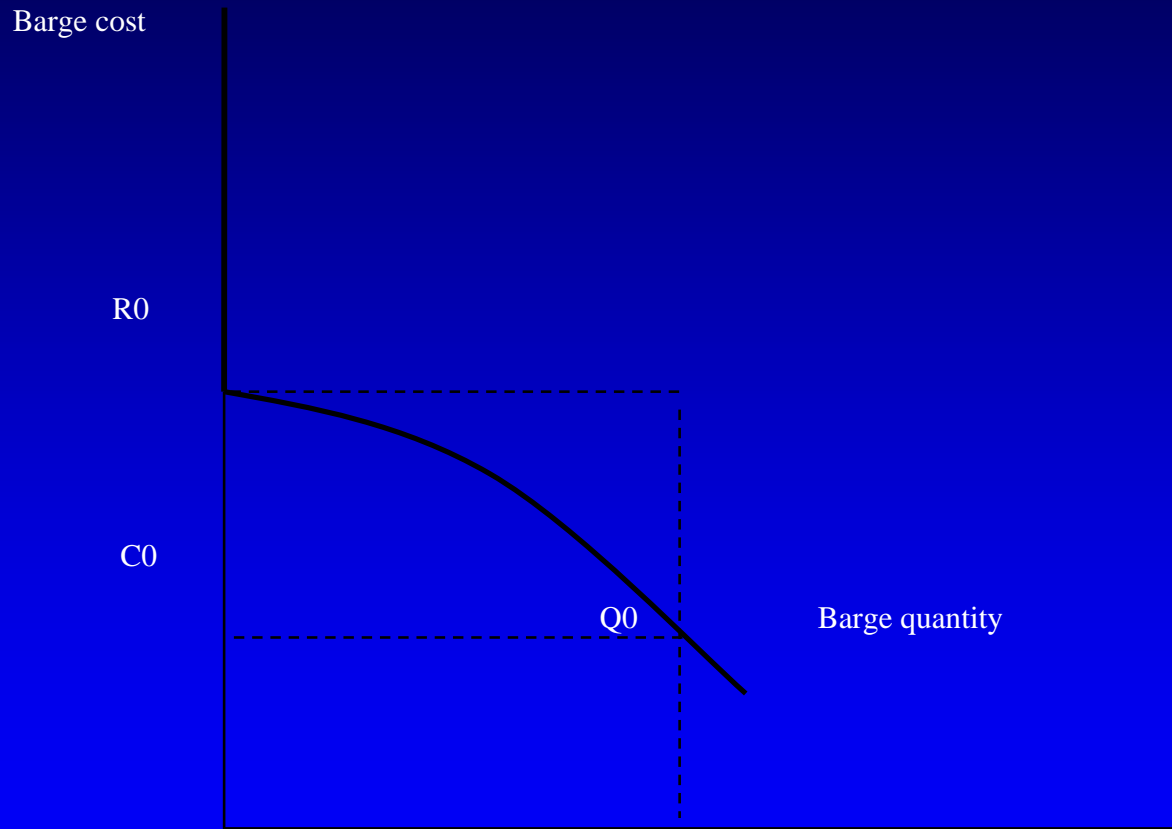
ODC Triplicate Demand Curve Shaped as Inelastic

-Two Stark assumptions

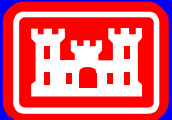
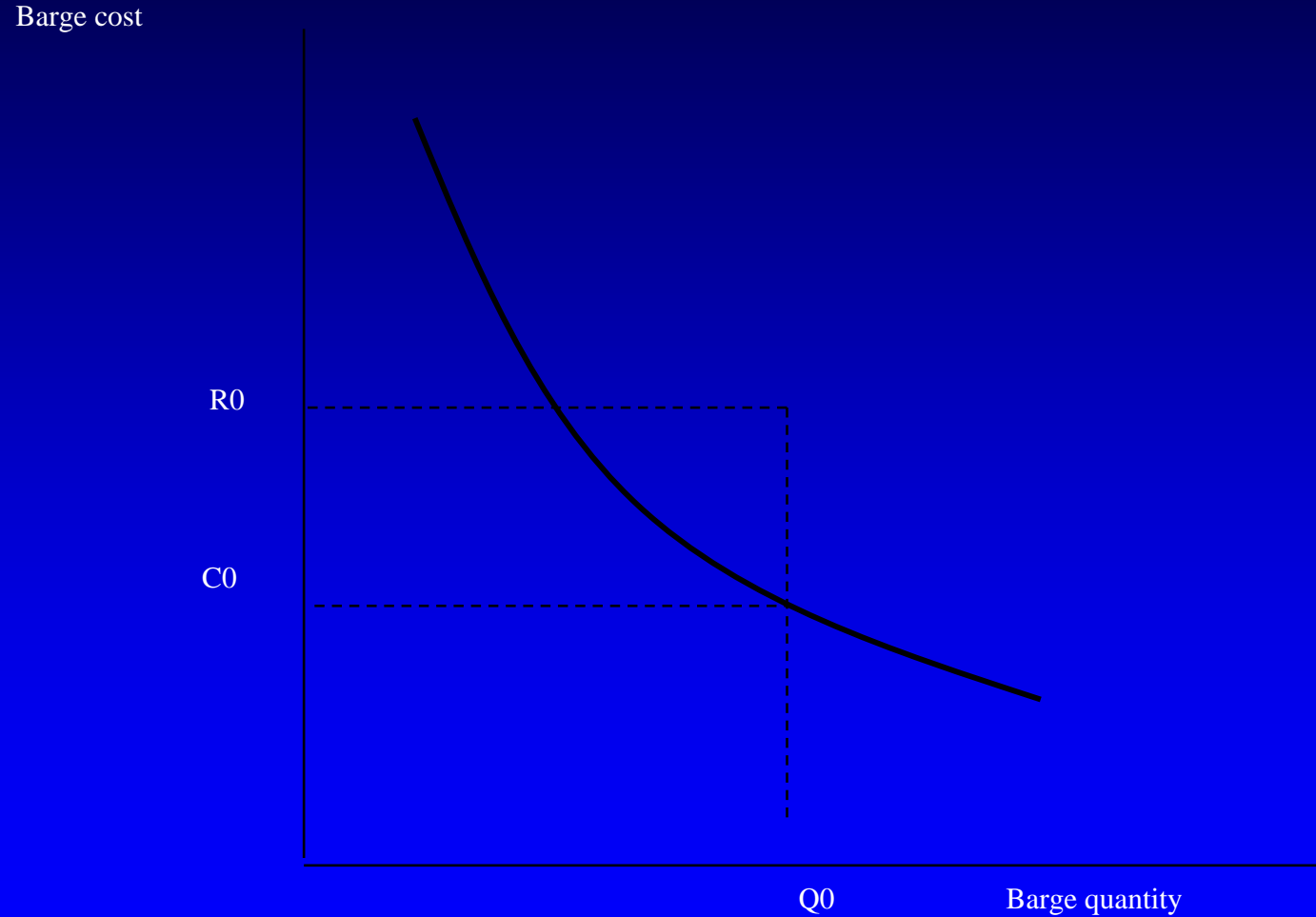


Demand curve shaped by Essence

-addresses one of the stark assumptions – but not empirically based.

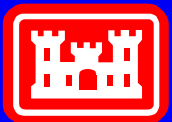


Demand curve as shaped by Survey Model

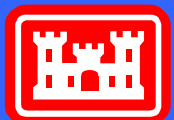
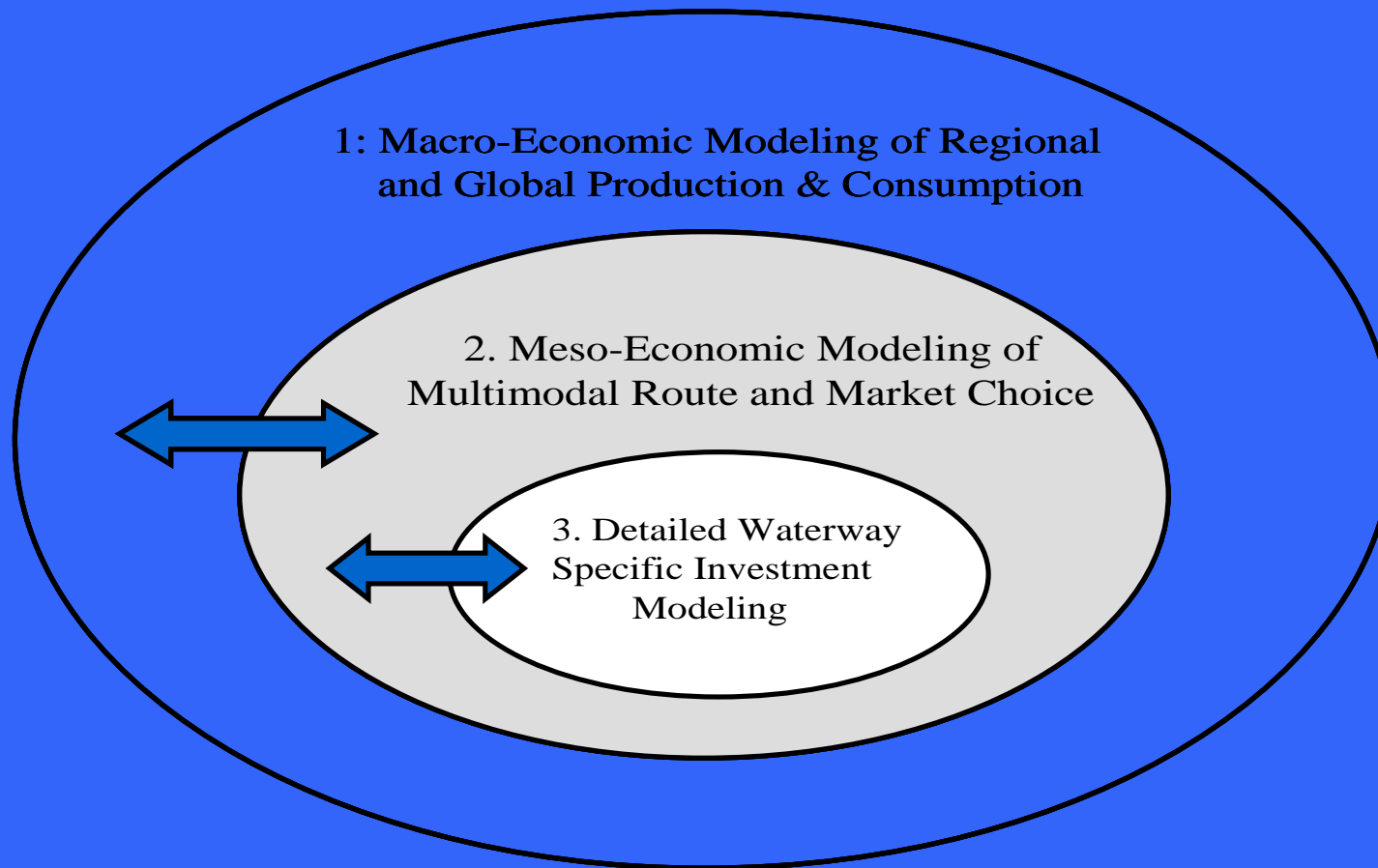


Other Survey Work

- Upper Miss Grain & Non-Grain
- Ohio River Coal & Non-Coal



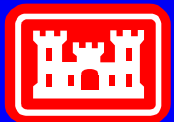
Three-Tiered Modeling



= feedback between levels

Modeling - Forecasting

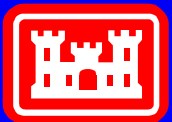
The forecasting of commodity movements into the future can be dominate factor in estimating benefits of navigation improvements. The NETS research team is developing state of the art techniques for commodity forecasting. These techniques combine spatial equilibrium modeling, risk and uncertainty and scenario analysis.



Modeling -World Grain Model

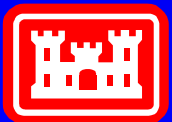
The purpose of this study is to develop a spatial equilibrium model to forecast international commodity flows from a specific region. The methodology will be generally applicable to a broad range of commodities or regions, but the focus will be on the world grain trade and expected market responses to evolving competitive pressures and structural changes.

Dr. William Wilson – North Dakota State University



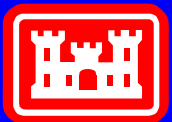
Other Commodity Groups

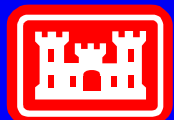
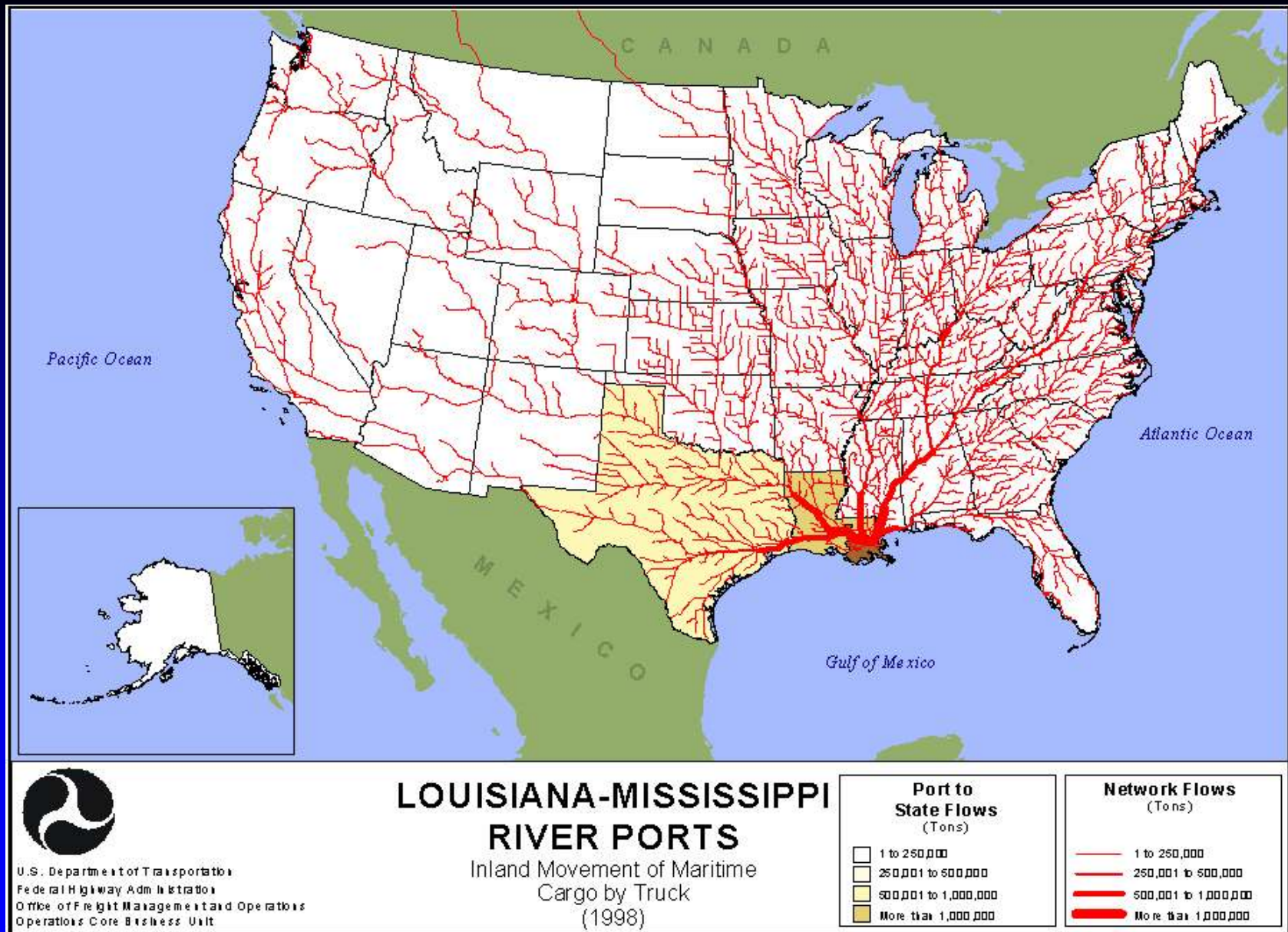
- Using grain as the “proof of concept” model. This technique will be applied to other commodity groups. Commodity groups to be examined next:
 1. Petroleum
 2. Coal



Modeling - Regional Routing Model

- The aggregate flows from the Global SEM forecasting model will assigned specific routes and modes.
- This will allow the project specific estimate of future traffic.
- Also, the affects to congestion and emission on the overland modes will be possible with this model.





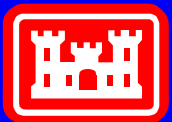
US Army Corps
of Engineers

Institute For Water Resources - IWR

Microscopic Systems Model

Evaluation of:

- Tradable locking permits
- Scheduling – Appointment system
- Congestion pricing
- Lockage efficiency measures
- Locking policies
- Structural changes that increase capacity.



Microscopic Systems Model

HarborSym –

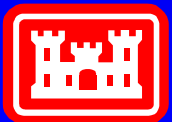
- A simulation model

- Allows planners to analyze the impact of channel-widening projects.

- Calculates transit times and transportation costs by predicting vessel interactions based on user-provided vessel trip data and harbor transit rule information.

- Unproductive wait times result when vessels are forced to delay sailing due to transit rules and the movement of other ships within the system.

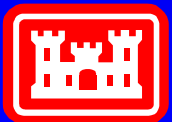
- Calculate changes in transportation costs that will result from proposed modifications of the physical dimensions of the channel.



Microscopic Systems Model

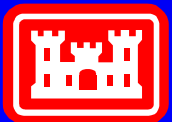
Navigation System Simulation Model (NaSS) The central focus of this project is to design and build a discrete-event multi-lock simulation model that generates and moves vessels through a network of waterways and locks, with incorporation of scheduled and unscheduled outages and associated shipper response.

Design Document is currently being updated to respond to independent peer review.



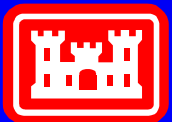
NaSS Basin Model

- Heart of the NaSS
- Monte Carlo simulation model
- Generates and moves tows and other vessel types through a geo-located system of locks, ports and river reaches.
- Performance statistics are gathered as the simulation progresses.
- Currently at the end of prototype development
- Animation and other stages of development will be undertaken in FY07.



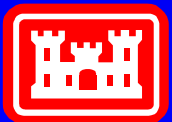
Externalities

- Output from the Regional Routing Model will be used to estimate energy required to move the cargo, by mode and region. These energy estimates will be used to create emission profiles by region.
- As alternative improvements are evaluated, how they shift traffic and change the emission profile will be estimated.
- It would be possible to design a system to minimize emissions, in total or by region.



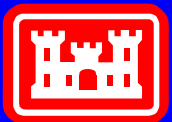
Economics of Deep Draft Vessels

- **Ian Mathis – Cost shared with other programs**
 - **Container/Cargo Carriage Life-Cycle Costing Evaluation**
 - **Vessel Fleet Forecast Methodology Unit**
 - **Vessel Load Factor Analysis**
 - **Vessel Motion in Confined Waterways/
Enhancements to ERDC-WES Channel Analysis and
Design Evaluation Tool (CADET)**



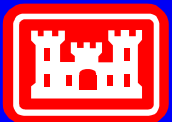
EVENT STUDIES

- Forensic Economic analysis of an event.
- Coordinated and being executed by the LRD Cx for Inland Navigation.
 - Greenup closure
 - McAlpine L&D
 - L&D 27



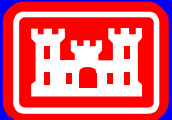
Tradable Permits

1. Investigating the use of market mechanism to increase the efficiency of the waterway.
 - Dr. Joe Cook – NERA
 - Dr. Charles Plott – Cal Tech



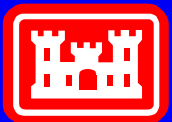
Appointment System

1. NETS is teaming with UMSL-CTS to investigate the potential effectiveness



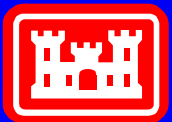
Container Flow Model Study

- 1) Review previous studies on container shipping with a focus on infrastructure and projections;
- 2) Describe historical movements in world trade;
- 3) Analyze historical movements in US markets as well as the rail market and ocean shipping economies; and
- 4) Review and critique alternative models that can be used to analyze flows, restrictions, expansion possibilities and make projections. In addition, alternatives for handling and quantifying risk will be identified.



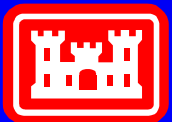
Other Studies

- Spatially Generated Transport Demands
- Stated Response Models for Transportation Demand (Quantities)
- Lock, Vessel and Tow Boat Company Efficiency
- Port Efficiency
- Port Choice and Efficiency
- Port Efficiency and Trade
- Short-Run Non-Structural Forecasting
- Long-Run Co-Integrated Waterway Traffic and Forecasting
- Forecasting Waterborne Traffic from Lock Performance Data



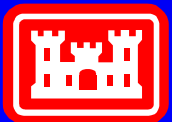
Independent Peer Review

- An independent peer review process has been established and is being followed for critical research.
 - A list of experts is maintained by the contractor. This list is by area of expertise.
 - When a study is to be reviewed, IWR submits the product and identifies the areas of expertise needed to evaluate the effort.
 - The contract randomly selects from the list and contracts for review. The contractor manages the review.
 - Comments are then submitted anonymously from the contractor to IWR.
- The comments and responses become part of the report and the public record.



Communications

- NETS web site launched in January 2005.
- NETS NEWS!
 - An email alert with summary information about new developments will go out to team members and other interested parties. The email will provide a link to the product on the NETS web site.
- Presentation to interested groups
- Conference participation as well as full sessions on NETS at major conferences



NETS

navigation • economic • technologies



[About Us](#) | [Contact Us](#) | [Search](#) | [Site Map](#)

ISSUES

APPROACHES

ACTIVITIES

- Coastal Navigation
- Inland Navigation
- Multimodal Transportation

BOOKSHELF

TOOLBOX

NETS TEAM

NETS NEWS

*Developing State-of-the-Art
Tools and Techniques for
Economic Modeling &
Analyses to Help Meet
Tomorrow's Navigation
Challenges*



The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers is committed to spending the nation's tax dollars wisely by investing in navigation projects that provide the best value for the dollar long term. The Navigation Economic Technologies (NETS) program supports this mission by developing independently-verified economic models, tools and techniques.

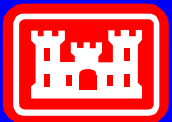
Our web site is designed to provide the latest information on the [NETS team](#), the [issues](#) we are addressing, the [approaches](#) we are using and the status of our [activities](#). The NETS [bookshelf](#) contains final reports and policy guidelines, while the [toolbox](#) holds final instruments, models, etc. that result from our research. For regular updates on our progress, [sign-up](#) for [NETS News](#), a monthly e-newsletter delivered directly to your inbox.



US Army Corps
of Engineers ©

www.CorpsNets.us

Questions



US Army Corps
of Engineers

Institute For Water Resources - IWR